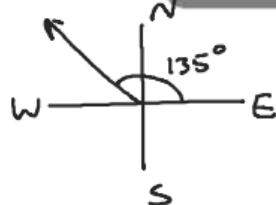


## What you'll Learn About

- Parametric Equations/Parametric Curves/Eliminating the Parameter
- Lines and Line Segments/Simulating Motion with a grapher



A ship is heading northwest at 12 mph.

- a. Find the component form of the ship after 1 hour.

$$\langle 12 \cos 135^\circ, 12 \sin 135^\circ \rangle$$

- b. Find the component form of the ship after 2 hours.

$$\langle 24 \cos 135^\circ, 24 \sin 135^\circ \rangle$$

- c. Find the component form of the ship after 3 hours.

$$\langle 36 \cos 135^\circ, 36 \sin 135^\circ \rangle$$

- d. Write the parametric equations for the boat at any time  $t$ .

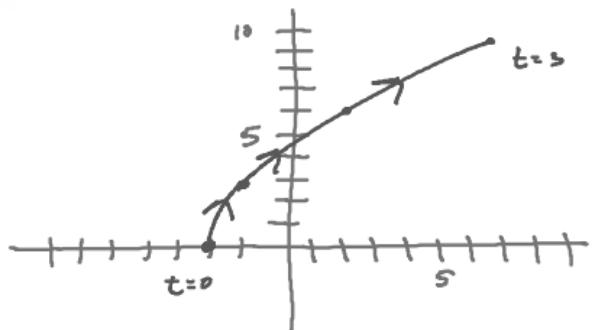
$$x = 12t \cos 135^\circ$$

$$y = 12t \sin 135^\circ$$

$t$	$x$	$y$
0	-2	0
1	-1	3
2	2	6
3	7	9
4	14	12
5	23	15

For the given parameter interval, graph the parametric equations  
 A.  $x = t^2 - 2$     $y = 3t$    on the interval  $0 \leq t \leq 3$

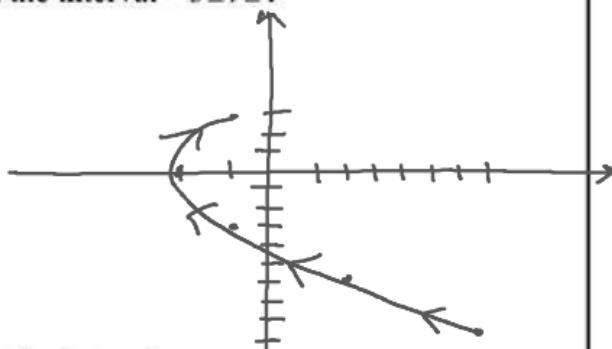
- (-2, 0)
- (-1, 3)
- (2, 6)
- (7, 9)



B.  $x = t^2 - 2$     $y = 3t$    on the interval  $0 \leq t \leq 5$

C.  $x = t^2 - 2$     $y = 3t$    on the interval  $-3 \leq t \leq 1$

$t$	$x$	$y$
-3	7	-9
-2	2	-6
-1	-1	-3
0	-2	0
1	-1	3



D.  $x = t^2 - 2$     $y = 3t$    on the interval  $-\infty \leq t \leq \infty$

- 1) Solve for  
t in x equation
- 2) Plug t =  
equation into  
y

Get  
rid of t

Eliminate the parameter and identify the graph of the parametric curve

A)  $x = t^2 - 2$     $y = 3t$    on the interval  $-\infty \leq t \leq \infty$

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt{x+2} &= \sqrt{t^2} \\ t &= \pm \sqrt{x+2} \end{aligned}$$

$$y = \pm 3\sqrt{x+2}$$

Square Root Function



B)  $x = 1 - 2t$     $y = 2 - t$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x-1}{-2} &= -t \\ -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2} &= t \end{aligned}$$

$$2 - \left(-\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$2 + \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}$$

Linear

C)  $\frac{x}{2} = 2\cos(t)$     $y = 2\sin(t)$     $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$

$$\frac{x}{2} = \cos t$$

$$t = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

D)  $x = 2\cos(t)$     $y = 2\sin(t)$     $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$

$$y = 2\sin\left(\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\right)$$